

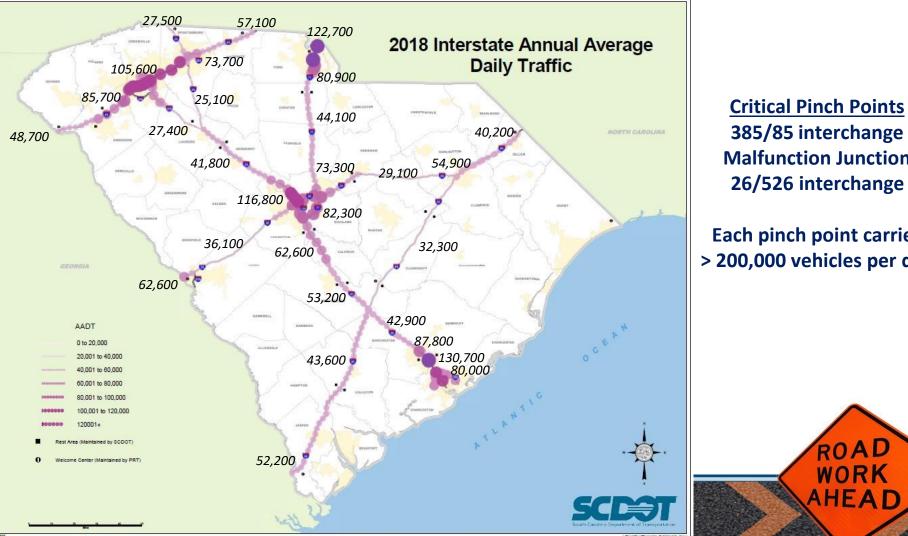
#### Interstates in SC

As of Dec 31, 2018

851 centerline miles 3,846 lane miles

Carries 30% of the daily traffic load in the state

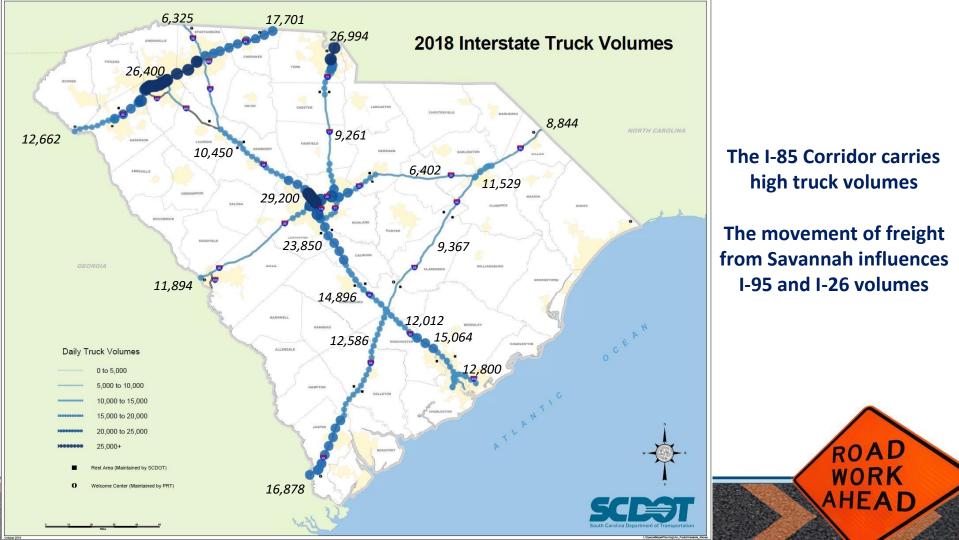


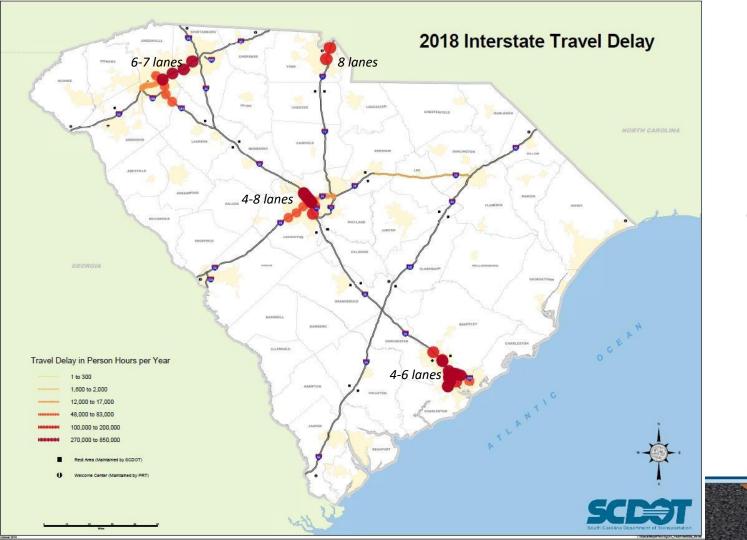


385/85 interchange **Malfunction Junction** 26/526 interchange

**Each pinch point carries** > 200,000 vehicles per day







Daily Congestion is concentrated in the Urban Areas



# SCDOT Interstate Widening Project Prioritization Processes





# **Interstate Project Prioritization Processes**

#### **Urban Regions**

**Focuses Heavily on Traffic Volumes** 



Was the only methodology SCDOT utilized in selecting interstate widening projects since the implementation of Act 114 in 2007 through October 2018.

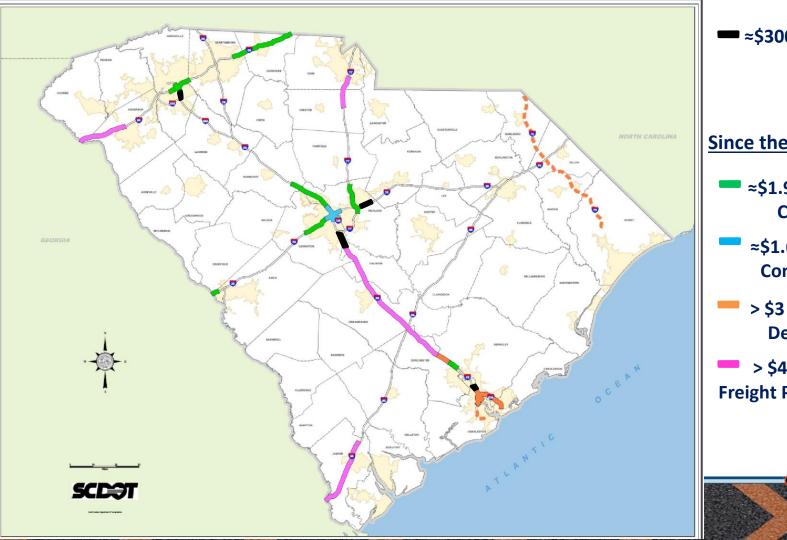
#### **Rural Areas**

Focuses Heavily on the Movement of Freight by Truck



A new, additional interstate widening program implemented by the SCDOT Commission in October 2018 in order to target rural freight corridors.



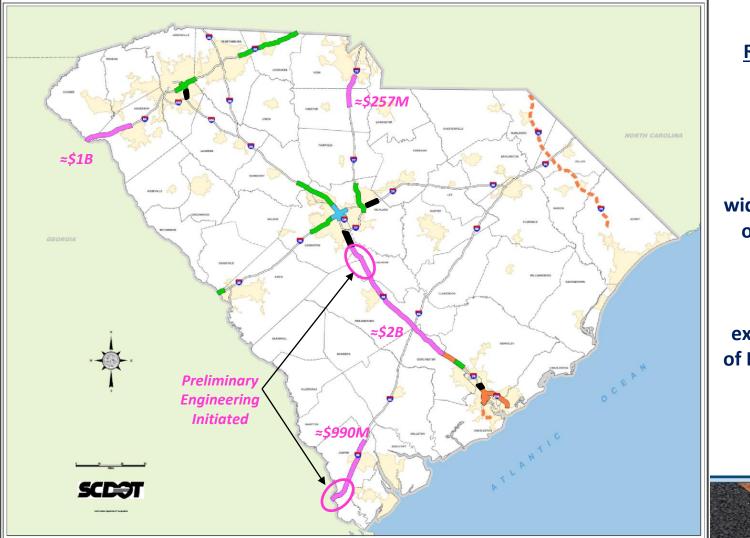


**=** ≈\$300M in Widenings 2007-2014

#### Since the Passage of Act 98

- ≈\$1.9B Advanced to Construction
- ≈\$1.6B Nearing
  Construction
- > \$3 Billion Under Development
- > \$4 Billion in Rural Freight Priorities Identified





Rural Freight Priority
Projects Advancing
within the
10-Year Plan

\$300M – 400M for widening the first 8 miles of I-95 at the Georgia Border

\$375M - 475M for extending the widening of I-26 south of Columbia for 14 miles



#### **Interstate Widening Program Progress**

PROJECT	Estimate	Spent	Remaining	Preliminary Engineering	Construction	Substantially Complete
I-85/I-385 Interchange Improvement Greenville County	\$296.8 M	\$253.4 M	\$43.3 M		✓	
I-77 Widening (I-20 to Killian Rd) Richland County	\$96.7 M	\$92.5 M	\$4.2 M			✓
I-20 Widening (US 378 to Longs Pond Rd)  Lexington County	\$117.9 M	\$65.3 M	\$52.6 M		✓	
I-85 Widening (Phase I & II)  Cherokee and Spartanburg Counties	\$511.1 M	\$188.9 M	\$322.2 M		✓	
I-85 Widening (Phase III) Cherokee County	\$226.6 M	\$27.5 M	\$199.1 M		✓	
I-26 Widening (Jedburg Rd to Nexton Pkwy)  Berkeley County	\$53.5 M	\$5.5 M	\$48.0 M		✓	
I-20 Widening (GA Line to Exit 1)  Aiken County	\$50.0 M	\$25.0 M	\$25.0 M		✓	
I-20/I-26/I-126 (Carolina Crossroads)  Lexington and Richland Counties	\$1,615.0 M	\$27.2 M	\$1,587.8 M	✓		
I-26 Widening (SC 27 to Jedburg Rd)  Berkeley County	\$180.3 M	\$1.7 M	\$178.6 M	✓		
I-26 Widening (SC 202 to US 176)  Newberry, Richland, and Lexington Counties	\$532.0 M	\$5.4 M	\$526.6 M		✓	
I-85 over Rocky Creek Bridge Greenville County	\$44.0 M	\$0.4 M	\$43.6 M	✓		
I-26/I-526 Improvements Charleston and Berkeley Counties	TBD	TBD	TBD	✓		





# **Interstate Funding**





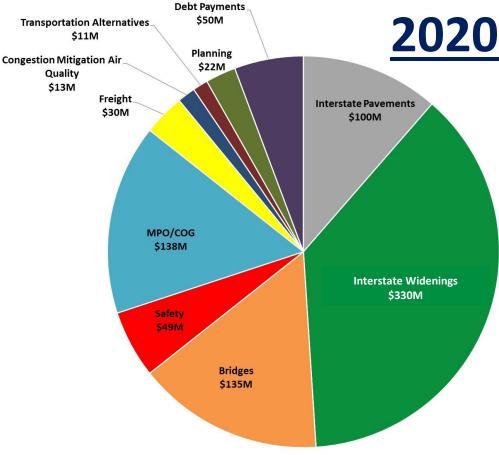
# **Federal Funding**

The interstate system is a state-owned, operated and maintained network.

The state may elect to allocate federal funds to the interstate system<u>as part</u> of its overall, annual federal funding pie.







# **2020 Federal Funding Pie**

≈\$730M in Federal Funds plus ≈\$145M in required Matching Funds

Approximately half of SC's Federal Funds have been directed to the Interstate System

The movement of any additional Federal Funding to the Interstates would require a reduction in other programs such as the Bridge, Safety or MPO/COG Programs





# **State Funding**

The interstate system is a state-owned, operated and maintained network.

Prior to the passage of Act 98 of 2013, the interstate widening program was almost exclusively funded via SC's limited federal funds.

Act 98 jump-started several backlogged projects by initially directing \$50M in General Funds to SCDOT to supplement the interstate widening program.





# **State Funding**

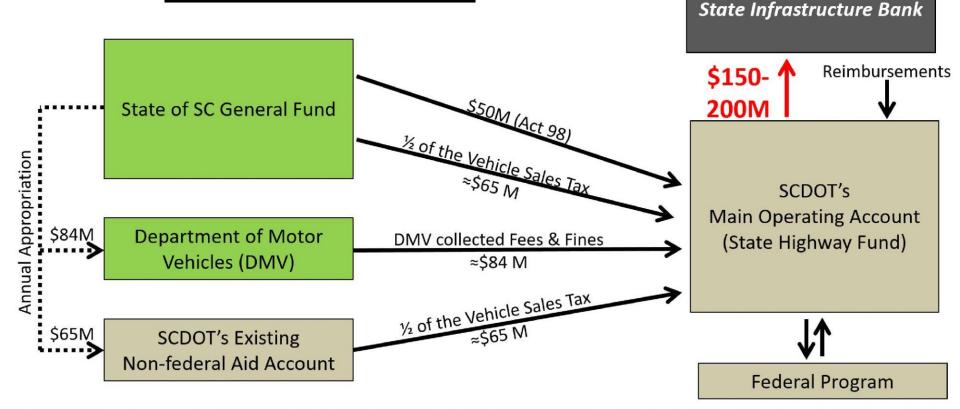
Next...

Act 275 of 2016 redirected ≈\$84M in DMV fees to SCDOT and moved the 80% portion of the \$300 vehicle sales tax to dedicate it to transportation.





### Act 275 of 2016



# **State Funding**

Then...

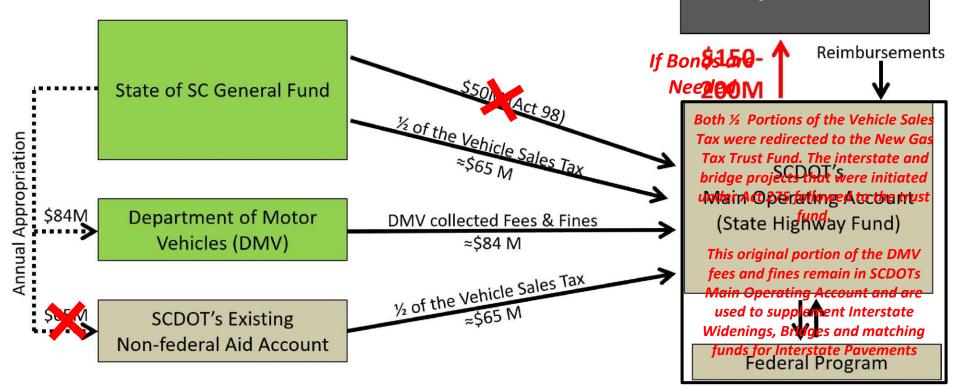
Act 40 of 2017 (Roads Bill) eliminated the Act 98 revenue stream, made further revisions to Act 275 and increased other fees and taxes for road and bridge work.





#### **Act 40 Changes to Act 275 & 98**

State Infrastructure Bank









#### **Projected Act 40 Increased Revenues for SCDOT**

DOT Revenues	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6	Year 7	Year 8	Year 9	Year 10
	SFY17-18	SFY18-19	SFY19-20	SFY20-21	SFY21-22	SFY22-23	SFY23-24	SFY24-25	SFY25-26	SFY26-27
Act 98 General Funds	\$50	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Gas Tax Increase @ 12 cents										
(2 cents per year for 6 years)	\$69	\$154	\$215	\$289	\$363	\$447	\$448	\$449	\$450	\$451
Drivers License Fees	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Registration Fee (\$16 increase)	\$13	\$26	\$27	\$27	\$28	\$29	\$30	\$30	\$31	\$32
Hybrid Vehicles	\$1	\$1	\$2	\$2	\$2	\$2	\$2	\$2	\$3	\$3
Motor Carrier Road Use Fee	\$0	\$4	\$9	\$9	\$9	\$10	\$10	\$10	\$10	\$11
Maintenance Fee + Sales Tax (5%, \$500 cap)	\$74	\$69	\$74	\$74	\$74	\$74	\$74	\$74	\$74	\$74
Maintenance Fee Out of State (\$250 cap)	\$0	Designated Account	for Tax Reli	ef & placed	in a Safety I	Maintenance	\$22	\$22	\$22	\$23
Tax Relief Additional Transfer from DOT	\$0	-\$20	-\$44	-\$64	-\$89	-\$93	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
CTC Donor Bonus Transfer from DOT	-\$17	-\$21	-\$20	-\$21	-\$21	-\$21	-\$21	-\$21	-\$21	-\$21
Act 40 Subtotal	\$140	\$213	\$263	\$316	\$367	\$448	\$565	\$567	\$570	\$572
Backfill for NFA Paving Program	-\$65	-\$65	-\$65	-\$65	-\$65	-\$65	-\$65	-\$65	-\$65	-\$65

Estimated NET Impact for DOT	\$75	\$148	\$198	\$251	\$302	\$383	\$500	\$502	\$505	\$507

# **Act 40 Financials Are Complicated**

Created a Trust Fund Account for the New Revenues dedicated to SCDOT.

 $\triangleright$  Reduced or Eliminated  $\approx$  \$100M of other State Revenues dedicated to SCDOT.

➤ Swept ≈ \$140M of other Existing SCDOT Revenues into the New Trust Fund. This inflates the values of the trust fund, but the project expenditures associated with these revenues have followed over to the Trust Fund.







#### SFY 18-19 Revenue Component: Detailed Information

In Millions, Through June 30, 2019\*

New Gas Tax Trust Fund	Year 2 Revenue Projection	SFY 18-19 YTD Actuals	Variance	
	SFY18-19	Thru June 30, 2019	Actuals-Projections	
Gasoline Portion of the Gas Tax Increase @ 4 cents				
(2 cents per year for 6 years)	\$120	\$109.50	(\$10.50)	
Diesel Portion of the Gas Tax Increase @ 4 cents				
(2 cents per year for 6 years)	\$34	\$34.08	\$0.08	
Registration Fee (\$16 increase)	\$26	\$37.64	\$11.64	
Hybrid Vehicles / Alternative Vehicles	\$1	\$1.54	\$0.54	
Road Use Fee Large Commercial Motor Vehicles	\$4	\$1.38	(\$2.62)	
Infrastructure Maintenance Fee aka Vehicle Sales Tax (New Portion generated from				
increasing \$300 cap to \$500)	\$69	\$86.40	\$17.40	
Refundable Tax Credit	(\$20)	(\$12.70)	\$7.30	
CTC Donor Bonus Transfer from DOT (Act 40 Revisions)	(\$21)	(\$17.60)	\$3.40	
Act 40: Roads Bill Revenues	\$213	\$240.24	\$27.24	
Existing SCDOT Funds now swept into the New Gas Tax Trust Fund: Act 275 Original	Vic. 10 Co. 10		All the state of t	
Vehicle Sales Tax (80% of the first \$300 portion)	\$140	\$175.43	\$35.43	
Interest	\$0	\$6.35	\$6.35	
Sales and Use Tax	\$2	\$4.00	\$2.00	
Existing SCDOT Revenues swept into the New Gas Tax Trust Fund Account	\$142	\$185.77	\$43.77	
TOTAL New Gas Tax Trust Fund Revenues	\$355	\$426.01	\$71.01	





# **The 10-Year Plan**





#### Year 3 of the Phased-in 12¢ Gas Tax Increase







# **New Gas Tax Trust Fund**

As of Aug 31, 2019

#### \$451MCash Balance





\$311Min road work completed

\$787 Min road work under contra

> \$ 1 Billiom Road Work





#### >\$1Billion in New Gas Tax Trust Funds Invested in:









AHEAD

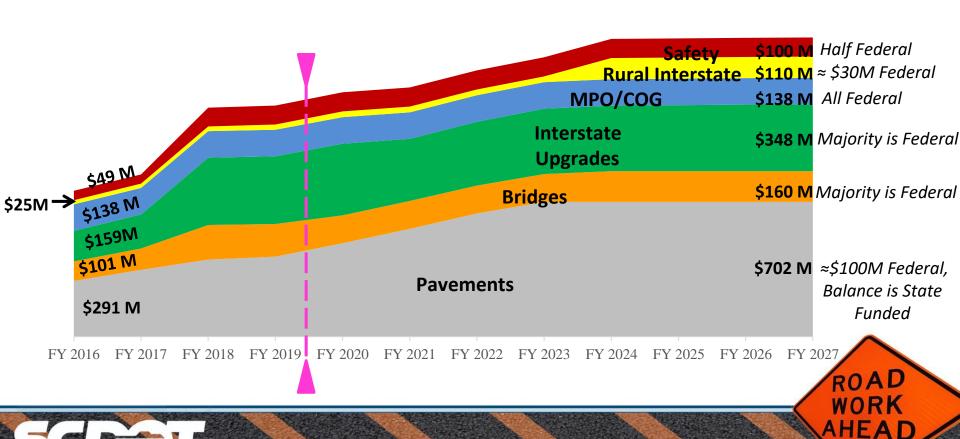


# The New Gas Tax Trust Fund along with Federal Funds and other state funds support SCDOT's 10-Year Plan

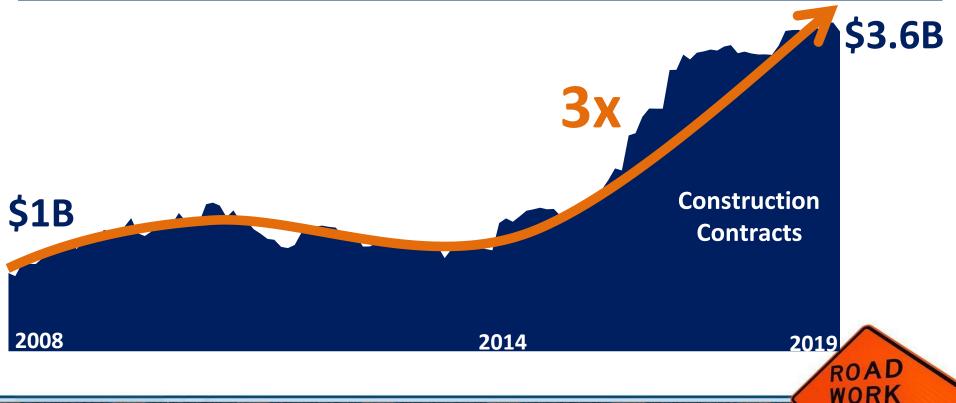




#### The 10-Year Plan Investment Areas: All Funds Combined



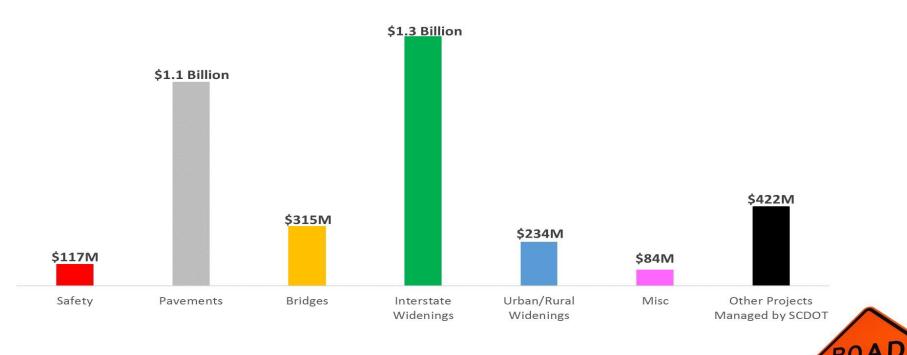
# A Historic Level of Roadwork is Underway



AHEAL



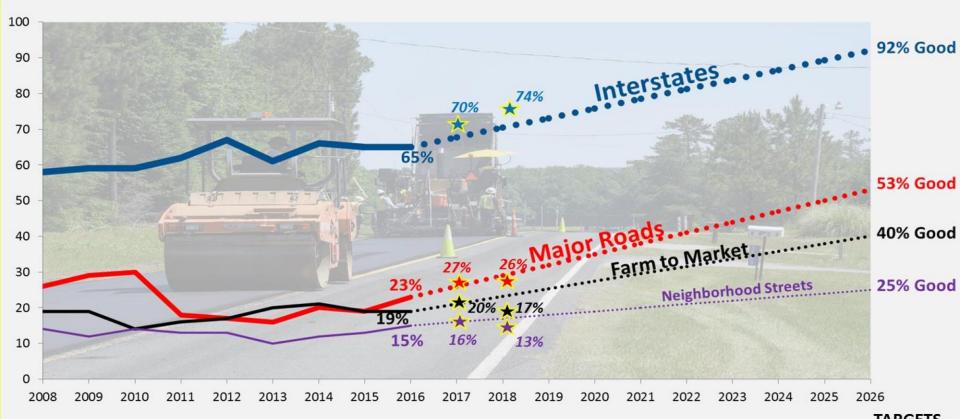
#### The details behind the \$3.6B in Roadwork Underway



WORK AHEAD



#### **Pavement Program Progress (On Target)**





AHEAD

#### **Bridge Program Performance (On Target)**

